

Advanced Python

Whats all this then?

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What is Python?

Advanced, Object Oriented scripting language

"Batteries Included" - 6GB of CPAN not required for hello world.

Despite that, there are a large number of add-on modules.

Twisted, BioPython, Numerical Python, SciPy

Database Modules, SAP R/3 modules...

Changes from 1.5 to 2.0

Unicode Support, Augmented assignment, Cycles GC, XML included

String Methods

`foo.strip()` instead of `string.strip(foo)`

Distutils

"Build" system for python packages (including C extensions)

print statement change

```
print >> sys.stderr, "Warning: action field not supplied"
```

gettext, pyexpat, zipfile, and `_winreg` new modules

List Comprehensions

List Comprehensions

```
[ expression for expr in sequence1
    for expr2 in sequence2 ...
    for exprN in sequenceN
    if condition ]
```

```
for expr1 in sequence1:
    for expr2 in sequence2:
    ...
    for exprN in sequenceN:
        if (condition):
            #append value to resulting list
```

For Example:

```
seq1 = 'abc'
```

```
seq2 = (1,2,3)
```

```
>>> [ (x,y) for x in seq1 for y in seq2]
```

```
[('a', 1), ('a', 2), ('a', 3), ('b', 1), ('b', 2), ('b', 3), ('c', 1),
```

```
('c', 2), ('c', 3)]
```

Changes from 2.0 to 2.1

Nested Scopes now work as expected

Rich Comparison method names (`__lt__`, `__ne__`, etc)

Warning Framework

```
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings(action = 'ignore',
                       message='.*regex .* deprecated',
                       category=DeprecationWarning,
                       module = '__main__')
```

pydoc, doctest/PyUnit, usability improvements to the time module

`__all__` variable

Changes from 2.1 to 2.2

Type and class changes

You can sub-class builtins now (class MyList(list):)

New style classes - class New(object): blah blah

int, float, str, dict, iter and file might as well be keywords now

Diamond Rule for multiple Inheritance

`__getattr__` added (called always, `__getattr__` only on dict lookup fail)

`__slots__` - way to restrict legal attribute names

ints and long ints are now unified. "L" is now deprecated.

`os.stat(filename)[stat.ST_SIZE] ==> file_size = os.stat(filename).st_size`

xmlrpclib, hmac, socket is now ipv6, re is faster, smtp lib is TLS

Iterators

Made `readlines()` just as fast as `xreadlines()` (and deprecated it)

Iterator is (potentially) any object with `next()` method.
raises `StopIteration` when its done

```
L = [1,2,3] ; i = iter(L) ; i.next() == 1 ; i.next() == 2 ;  
last time StopIteration will be raised.
```

```
for key in myDict: print key, myDict[key]
```

Generators

Basically, a reentrant function that saves locals()

```
def generate_ints(N):  
    for i in range(N):  
        yield i
```

When you call a generator function, it doesn't return a single value; instead it returns a generator object that supports the iterator protocol.

Someone has even used generators to simplify multi-threading!

Division is changing.

The age old problem of $1 / 2 = 0$ is being fixed.

// will be the "floor" division operator, just like classic /.

In the future, / will perform floating point division.

So $1 / 2 = 0.499999$

The future is NOW. (2.3)

Set datatype added. Both mutable and immutable variants.

Universal newline support.

enumerate(L) ==> (0, L[0]), (1, L[1]), (2, L[2]) etc

bool type, FINALLY. bool, True and False are now essentially keywords.

You can import modules directly from zip archives, ala java
Just add the zip file to the sys.path

if 'ab' in 'abcd': # is now valid sub-string checking

modules: csv, pickle, PyBSDDB, bz2, platform, tarfile, testwrap, timeit

[2.3] logging package

```
import logging
logging.debug('Debugging information')
logging.info('Informational message')
logging.warning('Warning:config file %s not found', 'server.conf')
```

Logger can log to files, raw sockets, syslog, email, NTEvents, and more.

Logger is backwards compatible with 1.5, and is really cool.

I wish I could get it to work for me...

optparse

Replacement for getopt, originally developed as Optik.

```
from optparse import OptionParser
op = OptionParser()
op.add_option('-i', '--input',
              action='store', type='string', dest='input',
              help='set input filename')
op.add_option('-l', '--length',
              action='store', type='int', dest='length',
              help='set maximum length of output')
```

Generates help for you, and gives you a single object with the flags as attributes.

Pickling Example

```
import pickle    # never cPickle
obj = random_python_object()
...stuff...
```

```
fh = open('saurkraut', 'w')
pickle.dump(obj, fh)
fh.close()
```

```
fh2 = open('saurkraut', 'r')
obj2 = pickle.load(fh2)
```

obj2 is now equivalent to obj.

PySqlite

Beware the `conn.commit()` boojum.

```
import sqlite
```

```
conn = sqlite.connect(db="db", mode=077)
```

```
cursor = conn.cursor()
```

```
cursor.execute("""  
    select genus, species, family, category  
    from calflora  
    order by species, genus  
    """)
```

```
for row in cursor.fetchall():
```

```
    print "%14s, %15s, %19s, %8s, %25s, %i" % ( row.genus,  
                                              row.species,  
                                              row.family,  
                                              row.category)
```

```
conn.close()
```

Psyco

Basically, its a JIT compiler, written as a module.

So using it is a lead pipe cinch.

```
import psyco
psyco.full() # full program is JIT
```

```
import psyco
psyco.bind(myfunction1) # only these two functions are sped up
psyco.bind(myfunction2) # useful if these are the core loops.
```

Building psyco is left as an exercise for the programmer.

Writing Extensions

```
#include <Python.h>

static PyObject * spam_system(PyObject *self, PyObject *args){
    char *command;
    int sts;

    if (!PyArg_ParseTuple(args, "s", &command))
        return NULL;
    sts = system(command);
    return Py_BuildValue("i", sts);
}

static PyMethodDef SpamMethods[] = {
    {"system", spam_system, METH_VARARGS,
     "Execute a shell command."},
    {NULL, NULL, 0, NULL} /* Sentinel */
};

void initspam(void) {
    (void) Py_InitModule("spam", SpamMethods);
}
```


XMLRPC

```
import xmlrpclib
server = ServerProxy("http://betty.userland.com")

try:
    # Using the server object, call "examples.getStateName()" with
    # an argument of 41
    print server.examples.getStateName(41)
except Error, v:
    print "ERROR", v
```

Resources

The home page of all things pythonic

- <http://www.python.org>

Python Quick Reference - everything you need, on one page.

- <http://www.brunningonline.net/simon/python/PQR.html>

Daily Python URL

- <http://www.pythonware.com/daily/>

Tons of Python apps, modules for python, etc

- <http://www.freshmeat.net>

Python.faqts

- <http://python.faqts.com>

Resources

Beginning python

- <http://www.uselesspython.com/index.html>

Python Blog

- <http://www.deadlybloodyserious.com/Python>

Introduction to Numerical Python

- <http://www.onlamp.com/pub/a/python/2000/05/03/numerically.html>

Psyco (JIT)

- <http://psyco.sourceforge.net>

Resources

O'Reillys web site (I don't care for this one)

- <http://www.onlamp.com/python/>

Biology and Python

- <http://biopython.org/>

All the power of python with all the incompatibility of java.

- <http://www.jython.org/>

Python makes windows suck a little less

- http://www.python.org/download/download_windows.html

Resources

Python and GTK (and links to pygnome)

- <http://www.daa.com.au/~james/pygtk/>

Online Python Journal

- <http://pythonjournal.cognizor.com/>

Published (like, as in paper) Python Journal

- <http://www.pyzine.com/>

Python Book Reviews -- Bad HTML, great content

- <http://www.awaretek.com/book.html>

Development is a state of mind.

